IMPORTANT

The Committee should have regard to the following preamble during its consideration of all applications on this agenda

- 1. Section 70(2) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 requires that, in dealing with an application for planning permission, the local planning authority shall have regard to the provisions of the Development Plan, so far as material to the application, and to any other material considerations.
- 2. Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 requires that: 'If regard is to be had to the development plan for the purposes of any determination to be made under the Planning Acts the determination must be made in accordance with the plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise'.
- 3. Planning applications which are in accordance with the relevant policies in the Development Plan should be allowed and applications which are not in accordance with those policies should not be allowed unless material considerations justify granting of planning permission. In deciding such applications, it should always be taken into account whether the proposed development would cause demonstrable harm to interests of acknowledged importance. In all cases where the Development Plan is relevant, it will be necessary to decide whether the proposal is in accordance with the Plan and then to take into account material considerations.
- 4. In effect, the following approach should be adopted in determining planning applications:
 - (a) if the Development Plan contains material policies or proposals and there are no other material considerations, the application should be determined in accordance with the Development Plan;
 - (b) where there are other material considerations, the Development Plan should be taken as the starting point and the other material considerations should be weighed in reaching a decision:
 - (c) where there are no relevant policies in the Development Plan, the planning application should be determined on its merits in the light of all material considerations; and
 - (d) exceptionally, a development proposal which departs from the Development Plan may be permitted because the contribution of that proposal to some material, local or national need or objective is so significant that it outweighs what the Development Plan says about it.
- 5. Section 66 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 states that, in considering planning applications for development affecting a listed building or its setting, special regard shall be had to the desirability of preserving the building, its setting or any features of special architectural or historical interest which it possesses. Section 72 requires that special attention shall be paid to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of conservation areas when considering any applications affecting land or buildings within them. Section 16 requires that, when considering applications for listed building consent, special regard shall be had to the desirability of preserving the listed building, its setting, or features of special architectural or historic interest which it has.
- 6. Section 38(6) of the 2004 Act does not apply to the determination of applications for advertisement consent, listed building consent or conservation area consent. Applications for advertisement consent can be controlled only in the interests of amenity and public safety. However, regard must be had to policies in the Development Plan (as material considerations) when making such determinations.

The Development Plan

7. The Development Plan in Dover District is comprised of:

Dover District Core Strategy 2010

Dover District Land Allocations Local Plan 2015

Dover District Local Plan 2002 (saved policies)

Worth Neighbourhood Plan (2015)

The Adopted Minerals & Waste Local Plan (forming the Early Partial Review of 2020 and the Kent Mineral Sites Plan 2020)

Ash Neighbourhood Plan (2021)